PRACTICE 8: Identifying and Punctuating Adjective Clauses (page 132)

NI 2. Before Christianity existed, people in northern and central Europe worshiped a goddess whom they called Eostre.

23. Eostre which means east was the goddess of spring.

NI 4. Every spring, people who worshiped her held a festival to give thanks for the return of the sun's warmth.

NI 5. They offered the goddess cakes that they baked for the festival.

6. These cakes were very similar to the hot cross buns that bakeries now sell at Easter.

7. Also, the custom of coloring eggs which families do at Easter came from ancient cultures.

8. Even the popular Easter Bunny who brings chocolate eggs and other candy to children on Easter Sunday has pagan roots.

PRACTICE 9: Writing Complex Sentences with Subject Pronouns

(page 134)

Answers will vary. Possible answers include:

- **2.** Many Christians do not eat certain foods during Lent, which is the six-week period before Easter Sunday.
- **3.** People who practice the Hindu religion cannot eat beef.
- **4.** Muslims and Jews cannot eat pork, which is considered unclean.
- **5.** Muslims cannot eat or drink at all in the daytime during Ramadan, which is a holy month of fasting.
- **6.** The festival, which follows the end of Ramadan, lasts for three days.

PRACTICE 10: Writing Complex Sentences with Object Pronouns

(page 136)

Answers will vary. Possible answers include:

- **A 2.** The special food that Koreans eat on Chuseok includes songpyun rice cakes.
 - **3.** Kimchi, which Koreans prepare with cabbage, other vegetables, and spices, is also part of a typical Chuseok meal.
 - **4.** The traditional activities that Koreans have for Chuseok show the importance of family in Korean culture.